Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently amended) Compounds A compound of the general formula (I)

in which

A represents the group C-R¹¹ or represents N,

where

 R^{11} represents hydrogen or (C_1-C_4) -alkyl,

- X represents O, S or CH₂,
- R¹ represents (C_6-C_{10}) -aryl or represents 5- to 10-membered heteroaryl having up to three heteroatoms <u>selected</u> from the group consisting of N, O and S, which radicals may for their part each be mono- to trisubstituted by identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, cyano, nitro, (C_1-C_6) -alkyl (which for its part may be substituted by hydroxyl), (C_1-C_6) -alkoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, (C_2-C_6) -alkenyl, phenyl, benzyl, (C_1-C_6) -alkylthio, (C_1-C_6) -alkylsulphonyl, (C_1-C_6) -alkanoyl,

 (C_1-C_6) -alkoxycarbonyl, carboxyl, amino, (C_1-C_6) -acylamino, mono- and di- (C_1-C_6) -alkylamino and 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl having up to two heteroatoms from the group consisting of N, O and S,

or represents a group of the formula

 R^2 and R^3 are identical or different and independently of one another represent hydrogen or (C_1-C_6) -alkyl or together with the carbon atom to which they are attached form a 3- to 7-membered spiro-linked cycloalkyl ring,

- R^4 represents hydrogen or (C_1-C_6) -alkyl,
- R⁵ represents hydrogen or (C₁-C₆)-alkyl,
- R⁶ represents hydrogen or (C₁-C₆)-alkyl,
- R⁷ represents hydrogen, (C₁-C₆)-alkyl, (C₁-C₆)-alkoxy or halogen,
- R^8 and R^9 are identical or different and independently of one another represent hydrogen or $(C_1\text{-}C_4)\text{-alkyl},$

and

R¹⁰ represents hydrogen or represents a hydrolysable group which can be degraded to the corresponding carboxylic acid,

and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, solvates and solvates of the salts or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate, or solvate of a salt thereof.

- 2. (Currently amended) Compounds The compound of the general formula (I) according to Claim 1, in which
 - A represents the group C-R¹¹ or represents N,

where

R¹¹ represents hydrogen or methyl,

- X represents O or S,
- R¹ represents phenyl or represents 5- or 6-membered heteroaryl having up to two heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O and S, which radicals may for their part each be mono- or disubstituted by identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, cyano, (C₁-C₄)-alkyl, (C₁-C₄)-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, vinyl, phenyl, benzyl, methylthio, methylsulphonyl, acetyl, propionyl, (C₁-C₄)-alkoxycarbonyl, amino, acetylamino, mono- and di-(C₁-C₄)-alkylamino,
- R^2 and R^3 are identical or different and independently of one another represent hydrogen or (C_1-C_4) -alkyl or together with the carbon atom to which they are attached form a 5- or 6-membered spiro-linked cycloalkyl ring,
- R⁴ represents hydrogen or methyl,
- R⁵ represents hydrogen, methyl or ethyl,
- R⁶ represents hydrogen or methyl,

R⁷ represents hydrogen, (C₁-C₄)-alkyl, (C₁-C₄)-alkoxy, fluorine or chlorine,

 R^8 and R^9 are identical or different and independently of one another represent hydrogen or methyl,

and

R¹⁰ represents hydrogen.

- 3. (Currently amended) Compounds The compound of the general formula (I) according to Claim 1, in which
 - A represents CH or N,
 - X represents O,
 - R¹ represents phenyl or represents pyridyl which for their part may each be mono- or disubstituted by identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, methyl, tert-butyl, methoxy, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, methylthio, amino and dimethylamino,
 - R² represents hydrogen or methyl,
 - R³ represents methyl, isopropyl or tert-butyl,

or

- R² and R³ together with the carbon atom to which they are attached form a spiro-linked cyclohexane ring,
- R⁴ represents hydrogen or methyl,
- R⁵ represents hydrogen, methyl or ethyl,
- R⁶ represents hydrogen or methyl,
- R⁷ represents methyl,
- R⁸ and R⁹ each represent hydrogen,

and

- R¹⁰ represents hydrogen.
- 4. (Currently amended) Compounds A compound of the formula (I-A)

in which

- R² represents hydrogen,
- R³ represents methyl, isopropyl or tert-butyl,

or

R² and R³ both represent methyl or together with the carbon atom to which they are attached form a spiro-linked cyclohexane ring,

and

A, R¹, R⁴, R⁵ and R⁶ are each as defined in Claims 1 to 3 claim 1.

5. (Currently amended) Process A process for preparing the compounds of the general formula (I) or (I-A) as defined in Claims 1 to and 4 respectively, characterized in that

compounds a compound of the general formula (II)

in which A, R², R³, R⁴ and R⁵ are each as defined in Claim 1 and

Y represents chlorine or bromine,

are is initially converted using a compound of the general formula (III)

$$R^7$$
 X
 $O-T$
 CI
 R^8
 R^8
 R^9
 $O-T$
(III),

in which X, R⁶, R⁷, R⁸ and R⁹ are each as defined in Claim 1 and

T represents benzyl or (C_1-C_6) -alkyl,

in an inert solvent in the presence of a base into compounds a compound of the general formula (IV)

in which A, T, X, Y, R², R³, R⁴, R⁵, R⁶, R⁷, R⁸ and R⁹ are each as defined in Claim 1,

these compounds are this compound is then reacted in a coupling reaction with a compound of the general formula (V)

$$R^{1}$$
 $O-R^{12}$ (V) ,

in which R1 is as defined in Claim 1 and

 R^{12} represents hydrogen or methyl or both radicals together form a -CH₂CH₂- or -C(CH₃)₂-C(CH₃)₂- bridge,

in an inert solvent in the presence of a suitable palladium catalyst and a base to give empounds a compound of the general formula (I-B)

$$R^{1}$$
 R^{2}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}
 R^{7}
 R^{8}
 R^{9}
 $O-T$
 $O-T$
 $O-T$
 $O-T$
 $O-T$
 $O-T$
 $O-T$

in which A, T, X, R¹, R², R³, R⁴, R⁵, R⁶, R⁷, R⁸ and R⁹ are each as defined in Claim 1,

the compounds compound (I-B) are is then reacted with acids or bases acid or base or, if T represents benzyl, also hydrogenolytically, to give the corresponding carboxylic acids acid of the general formula (I-C)

$$R^{1}$$
 R^{2}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}
 R^{7}
 R^{8}
 R^{9}
 R^{5}
 R^{5}
 R^{5}
 R^{6}
 R^{6}
 R^{7}
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 R^{3}
 R^{3

in which A, X, R¹, R², R³, R⁴, R⁵, R⁶, R⁷, R⁸ and R⁹ are each as defined in Claim 1,

and the carboxylic acids acid (I-C) are is, if appropriate, further modified by known esterification methods to give compounds the compound of the general formula (I).

- 6. (Cancelled)
- 7. (Currently amended) Medicaments A pharmaceutical composition, comprising at least one compound of the formula (I) or (I-A) as defined in Claims 1 and [[5]] 4, respectively, and an inert non-toxic pharmaceutically acceptable carriers, auxiliaries, solvents, vehicles, emulsifiers and/or dispersants carrier, auxiliary, solvent, vehicle, emulsifier, or dispersant.
- 8. (Cancelled)
- 9. (Cancelled)
- 10. (Currently amended) Use of compounds of the formula (I) or (I-A) as defined in Claims-1 to 5 for preparing medicaments A method for the prevention and treatment of stroke,

arteriosclerosis, coronary heart diseases and dyslipidaemias, for the prophylaxis of myocardial infarction and for the treatment of restenosis after coronary angioplasty or stenting comprising administering to a mammal an effective amount of a compound of formula (I) or formula (IV) as defined in claim 1 and 4, respectively.

11. (Cancelled)